CS 61A Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs Summer 2017 Quiz 10

INSTRUCTIONS

- You have 10 minutes to complete this quiz.
- The exam is closed book, closed notes, closed computer, closed calculator.
- The final score for this quiz will be assigned based on **effort** rather than correctness.
- Mark your answers on the exam itself. We will not grade answers written on scratch paper.
- For multiple choice questions,
 - \square means mark **all options** that apply
 - \bigcirc means mark a single choice

Last name		
First name		
Student ID number		
CalCentral email (_@berkeley.edu)		
Teaching Assistant	○ Alex Stennet	○ Kelly Chen
	🔿 Angela Kwon	○ Michael Gibbes
	○ Ashley Chien	\bigcirc Michelle Hwang
	\bigcirc Joyce Luong	\bigcirc Mitas Ray
	\bigcirc Karthik Bharathala	\bigcirc Rocky Duan
	🔿 Kavi Gupta	\bigcirc Samantha Wong
Name of the person to your left		
Name of the person to your right		
All the work on this exam is my own. (please sign)		

1. (5 points) Run, Forrest, Run!

(a) (2 pt) For each of the expressions below, write the output displayed by the interactive Python interpreter when the expression is evaluated. The output may have multiple lines. If an error occurs, write "Error", but include all output displayed before the error. If a function value is displayed, write "Function".

```
class Tree:
    def __init__(self, root, branches=()):
                                                           def is_leaf(self):
        self.root = root
                                                               return not self.branches
        self.branches = list(branches)
    def __repr__(self):
        if self.branches:
            branches_str = ', ' + repr(self.branches)
        else:
            branches_str = ''
        return 'Tree(' + repr(self.root) + branches_str + ')'
forrest = Tree(1)
gump = Tree(1, [forrest, forrest])
forrest.root = 2
forrest = Tree(forrest)
>>> run = Tree(forrest, gump.branches)
>>> run
>>> forrest.root = 1
>>> run
```

(b) (3 pt) Implement all_paths which takes in a Tree and returns a *Python list* containing all the paths (represented as *linked lists*) from the root to each leaf. The Tree class definition is given above.

```
class Link:
    def __init__(self, first, rest=empty):
        self.first = first
        self.rest = rest
def all_paths(t):
    if ______:
        return _____:
        return _____:
    result = []
    _____
    return result
```